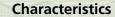
## Gold coin

# Design: in the style of Ferdinand Hodler

missioned to design the first series of banknotes from the Swiss National Bank in 1908. The first note designed – the 100-franc note – depicted a reaper. For the 50-franc note, Hodler chose the picture of a woodcutter, for which he produced a large number of drafts. The 500 and 1000-franc notes were awarded to another artist as a result of differences of opinion with Hodler.



## **Effigies**

20-franc piece, silver «Arthur Honegger» 50-franc piece, gold «The Woodcutter»

#### Artists

Silver coin: Roger Pfund, Carouge Gold coin: in the style of Ferdinand Hodler

#### **Technical data**

20-franc coin, silver Alloy: silver 0.835 Weight: 20 g Diameter: 33 mm 50-franc coin, gold Alloy: gold 0.900 Weight: 11.29 g

## Legal values

Diameter: 25 mm

Silver coin: 20 Swiss francs Gold coin: 50 Swiss francs

#### Date of issue

19th January 2007

## Mintages

20-franc coin, silver Standard coinage, uncirculated: max. 50000 coins Proof coin in presentation case: max. 12000 coins 50-franc coin, gold Proof coin in presentation case: max. 6000 coins

# Coined and issued by Federal Mint Swissmint

www.swissmint.ch

CH-3003 Bern Tel. +41 (0)31 322 60 68 (Marketing) Fax +41 (0)31 322 60 07

Official commemorative coins 2007

100 years of the Swiss **National Bank** 



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

**Swissmint** 



## Official commemorative coins

Each year, the Federal Mint Swissmint issues a small number of special coins featuring carefully selected subjects. The coins in bimetal, silver and gold bear an official nominal value and are available in various minting qualities. The commemorative coins are designed by important Swiss artists.

## 100 years of the Swiss National Bank

The monopoly on the minting of coins was transferred from the cantons to the Confederation in the federal constitution of 1848. Banknotes, on the other hand, continued to be issued by various private and cantonal banks. The sole issuing rights for banknotes, too, were only transferred to the Confederation in 1891. In 1905, the parliament and people approved the establishment of an issuing bank in the form of a limited company. Two years later, on 20th June 1907, the Swiss National Bank came into existence.

The National Bank enjoys independence in the conduct of monetary and foreign exchange policy. It must allow itself to be guided by the interests of the country as a whole, its primary goal being to ensure price stability, taking into account the economic trends. In so doing, it establishes a basic framework for economic development.

The National Bank supplies trade and industry with the cash they require. Together with the retail banks and the Post Office, the issuing bank is one of the main pillars of our payment transaction system. In addition to this role, it manages our country's currency reserves

Peter Schöpf, General Secretary SNB



## Silver coin

## **Design: Roger Pfund**

The renowned graphic artist, painter and designer Roger Pfund was born in Bern on 28.12.1943. On completing his graphic design training in 1966, he opened his own studio. From the beginning of his career, Roger Pfund concentrated his activities in the cultural field. In 1971 he won the first prize in the banknote competition held by the Swiss National Bank and was commissioned to realise the reserve series. He is also responsible for the appearance of the new Swiss passport. In addition, he has carried out numerous design assignments on behalf of many renowned companies and institutions. From 1971 onwards, Roger Pfund has lived and worked in Carouge near Geneva. He has been presenting his artistic work in individual and group exhibitions around the world since 1966.

